

Black History for a New Day

**JUSTIFIED
ANGER™**

Madison, Wisconsin

February 24, 2020



Wisconsin Partnership Program

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN
SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND PUBLIC HEALTH









The Rise and Fall of Jim Crow

**JUSTIFIED
ANGER™**

Professor Steve Kantrowitz

February 24, 2020



WHAT WAS
RECONSTRUCTION?

STORMING FORT WAGNER



STORMING FORT WAGNER

LINCOLN ON MILITARY SERVICE AND BLACK CITIZENSHIP

MARCH 13, 1864



“I barely suggest for your private consideration, whether some of the colored people may not be let in - as, for instance, the very intelligent, and especially those who have fought gallantly in our ranks. **They would probably help, in some trying time to come, to keep the jewel of liberty within the family of freedom.**”

A POLITICAL REVOLUTION

“AND NOT THIS MAN?”

Harper's Weekly, Aug. 5, 1865

August 5, 1865.]

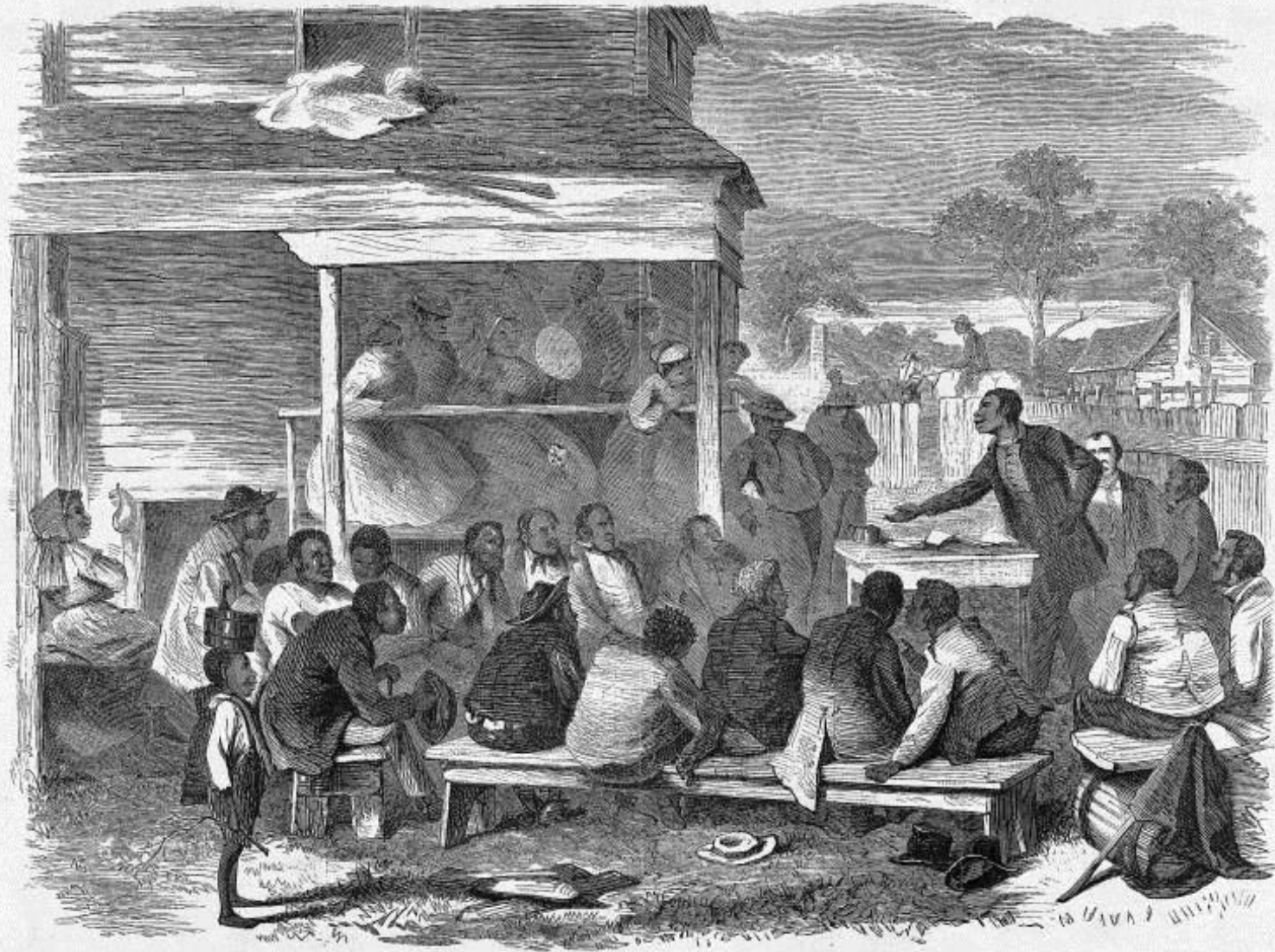
HARPER'S WEEKLY.

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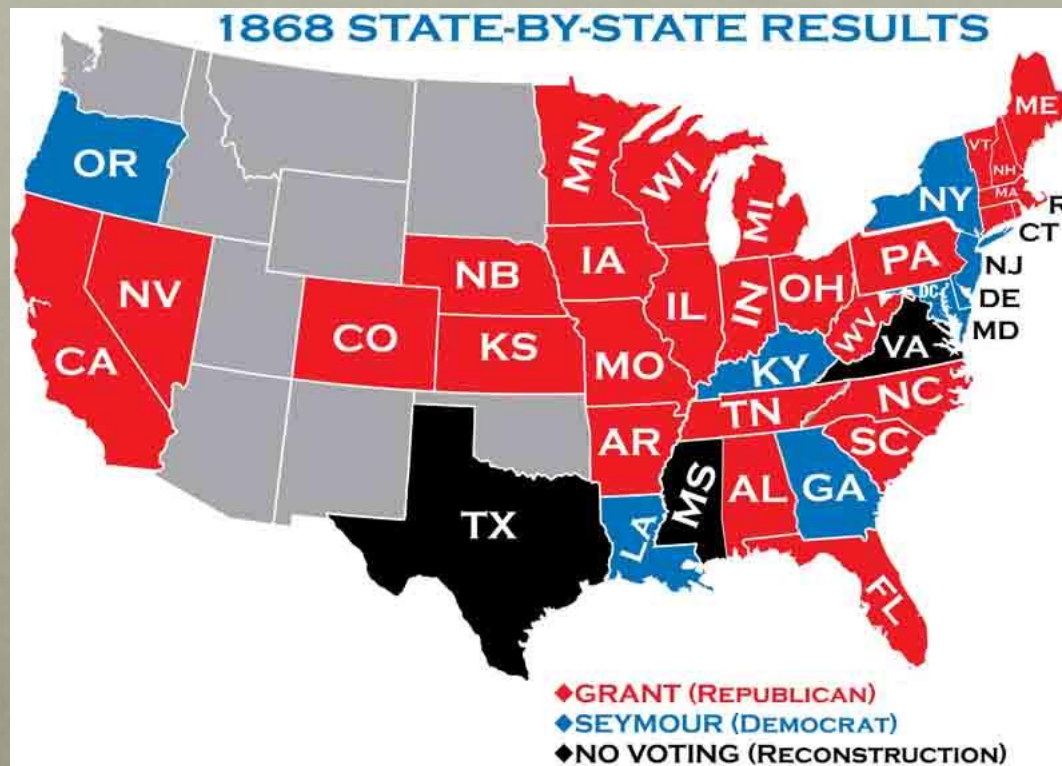
FRANCHISE.
AND NOT THIS MAN?

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACTS, 1867

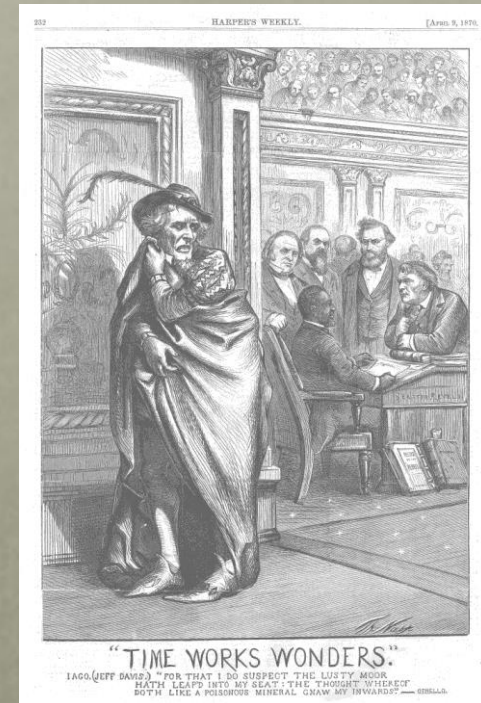


ELECTIONEERING AT THE SOUTH.—SKETCHED BY W. L. SHEPPARD.—[SEE PAGE 467.]

A TRANSFORMED ELECTORATE, 1868



HIRAM REVELS ELECTED TO THE U.S. SENATE SEAT VACATED BY JEFFERSON DAVIS





Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1872 by Currier & Ives in the Office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington.

ROBERT C. DE LARGE, M.C. of S. Carolina.

JEFFERSON H. LONO, M.C. of Georgia.

U.S. Senator H.R. REVELS, of Mississippi.

BENJ. S. TURNER, M.C. of Alabama.

JOSIAH T. WALLS, M.C. of Florida.

JOSEPH H. RAINY, M.C. of S. Carolina.

R. BROWN ELLIOT, M.C. of S. Carolina.

THE FIRST COLORED SENATOR AND REPRESENTATIVES.

In the 41st and 42nd Congress of the United States.

NEW YORK, PUBLISHED BY CURRIER & IVES, 125 NASSAU STREET.

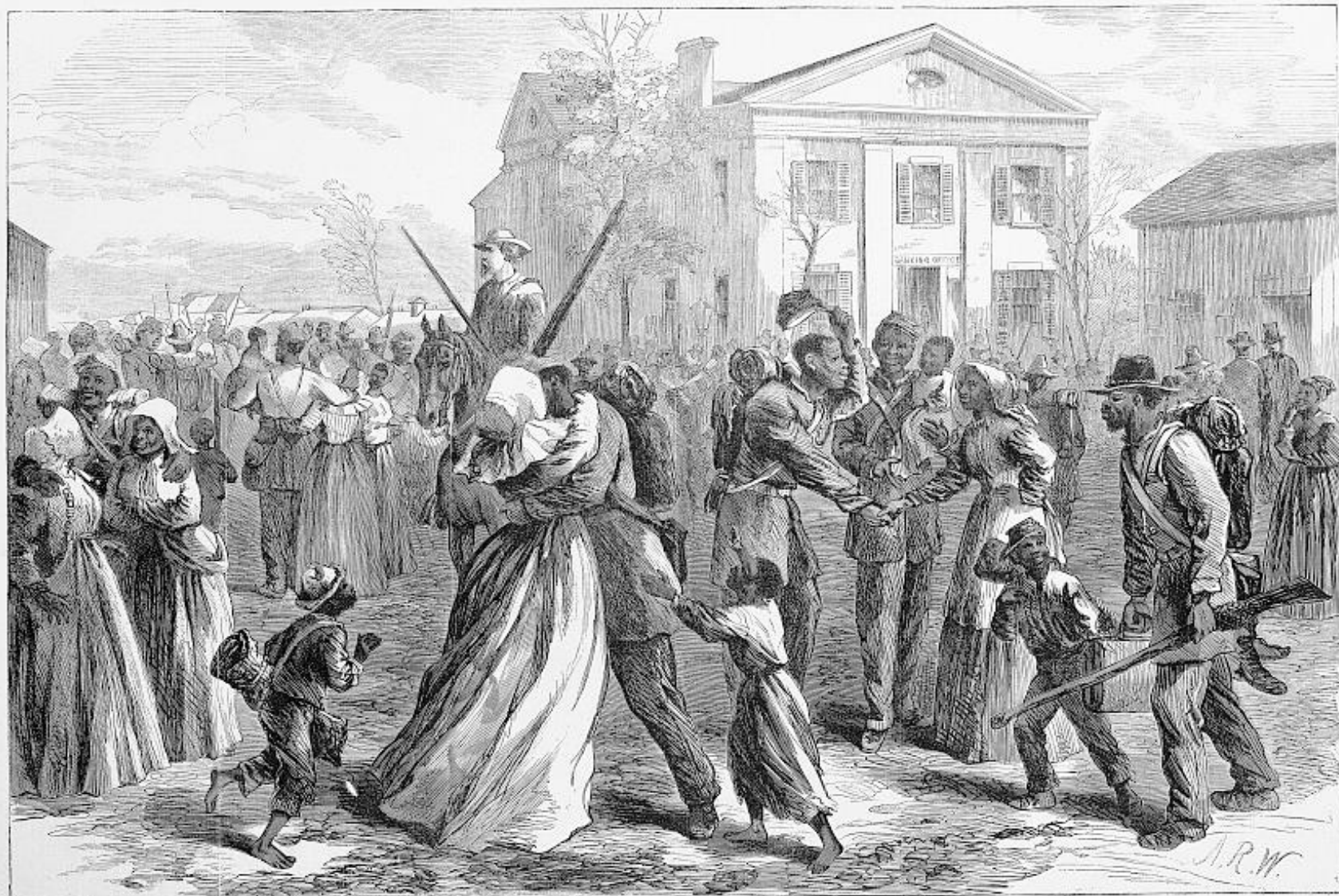
THE SECOND FOUNDING: A FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EMPOWERED TO ENFORCE EQUAL CITIZENSHIP

- 13th Amendment (1865): Ends slavery and empowers Congress to enforce it
- 14th Amendment (1868): Guarantees equal national citizenship, due process, and equal protection of the laws
- 15th Amendment (1870): Prohibits racial discrimination in voting



A REVOLUTION IN AFRICAN AMERICAN COMMUNITY AND FAMILY LIFE

"MUSTERING OUT"



"MUSTERED OUT" COLORED VOLUNTEERS AT LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS.—[See Page 518.]

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.

WITH THE DICKENS SUPPLEMENT.

Vol. XIV.—No. 699.]

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1870.

[SINGLE COPIES, TEN CENTS.
\$4.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.]

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the Year 1855, by Harper & Brothers, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.

SWALLOW'S NESTS.

For several centuries the common swallow has deposited itself in our crowded cities, and with its friendly company attached itself to our houses. The chimney swallow, still more familiar and ubiquitous, often builds in the rocky shafts of our chimneys, or even in the narrow crevices, unobserved by the day, or the fire, or

the movement around them. Both habits now form a strong contrast with those of their predecessors in times long gone by. When our ancestors wandered unobserved savages in the great limestone caves, or when, still later, they constructed their huts of mud, or of mud and stone, the habits of the birds can scarcely have been identical with those of to-day, for such human abodes afforded little security or shade. They

must then have built among rocks. Nearly the same remarks apply to the birds, which have not remained stationary, but have preferred to their low commonplace dwellings those offered to them by man. These changes in the industry or manner of birds are perhaps even more rapid than we might at first sight suppose; and notable improvements have been noticed by swallows in their modifications during the first half of the

present century. A distinguished French naturalist, having directed a number to be collected for the purpose of having drawings made from them, was astonished to find that they did not resemble those he had collected some forty years ago, and which were still preserved in the museum of France. The swallows of the present generation have notably improved in the well-timeliness of their flight, especially those still



A SPRING SCENE NEAR RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.—[DRAWN BY W. L. CHESBROUGH.]

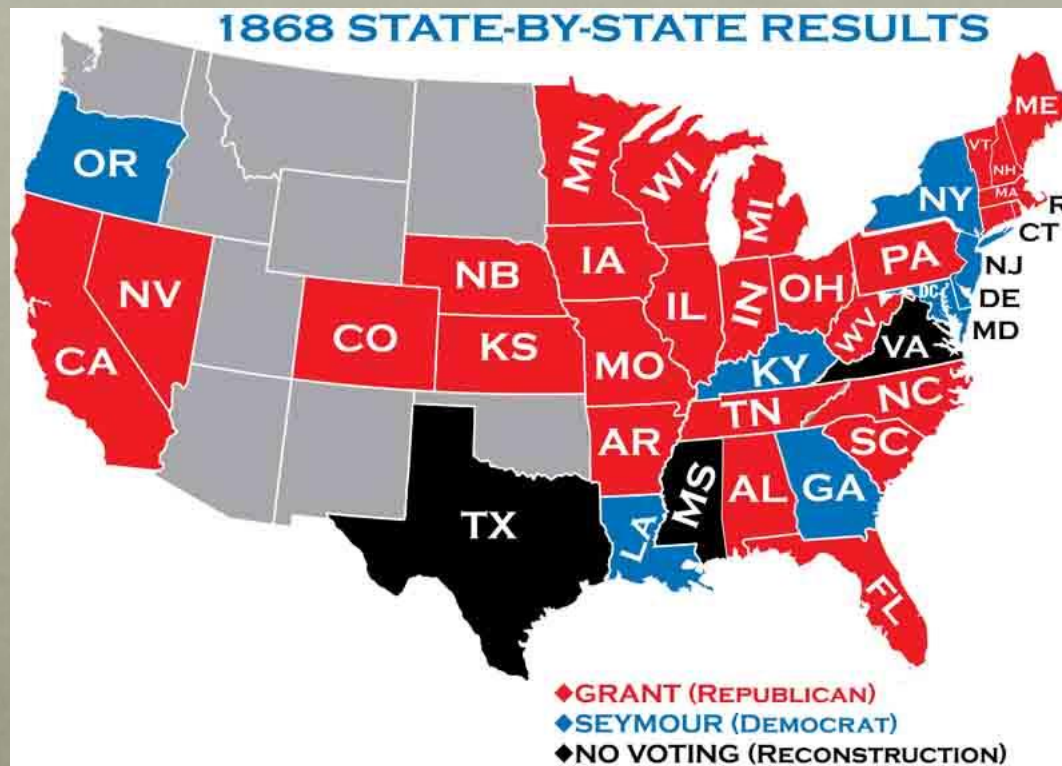
A Free Household in Virginia 1870

BUILDING INSTITUTIONS



CONFRONTING THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION

A (HALF-)TRANSFORMED SOUTH, 1868



OUR TICKET.



OUR MOTTO:

**THIS IS A WHITE
MAN'S COUNTRY:
LET WHITE MEN
RULE.**

Entered according to Act of Congress, A. D. 1868, by
R. W. HIGGINS, in the Clerk's office of the U. S.
District Court for the Southern Dist. of New York.

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN BADGE

1868
PRESIDENTIAL
CONTEST

“Support the Negro” or “Protect the white man”

THE FREEDMAN'S BUREAU!

AN AGENCY TO KEEP THE **NEGRO** IN IDLENESS AT THE **EXPENSE** OF THE WHITE MAN.

TWICE VETOED BY THE **PRESIDENT**, AND MADE A LAW BY **CONGRESS**.

SUPPORT CONGRESS & YOU SUPPORT THE NEGRO. SUSTAIN THE PRESIDENT & YOU PROTECT THE WHITE MAN

IN THE SWEAT OF THY FACE SHALT THOU EAT THY BREAD

Freedman's Bureau!

Negro Estimate of Freedom!

CONGRESS, IN JULY, 1864, VOTES THE

NEGRO TROOPS \$300

Each as a Bounty

The same CONGRESS IN JUNE, 1864, VOTES THE

WHITE VETERANS OF 1861 & 1862, \$100

Each as a Bounty.

What is the use for 'me to work as long as they make done appropriations.

THE WHITE MAN MUST WORK TO KEEP HIS CHILDREN AND PAY HIS TAXES

APPROPRIATED BY CONGRESS, JULY, 1864, To Support the Freedman's Bureau **\$6,944,500**

Contingents and Clerks for Negroes,	\$200,000
Printing for Negroes, Negroes and White for Negroes,	65,000
Sheltering for Negroes,	15,000
Food for Negroes,	1,700,000
Medicine for Negroes,	3,000,000
Schools for Negroes,	500,000
School Masters & School Houses for Negroes,	1,000,000
TOTAL,	\$6,944,500

APPROPRIATED BY CONGRESS, FOR THE WHITE MAN, **HEAVY TAXES, HARD LABOR**

For 1864 and 1865, the **FREEDMAN'S BUREAU** cost the Tax-payers of the Nation, at least **SEVENTY-FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.** Pennsylvania will be about **ONE** **OF DOLLARS.** **GEAR**

Twenty-five millions of dollars.

For 1866, **THE SHARE** of the Tax-payers of

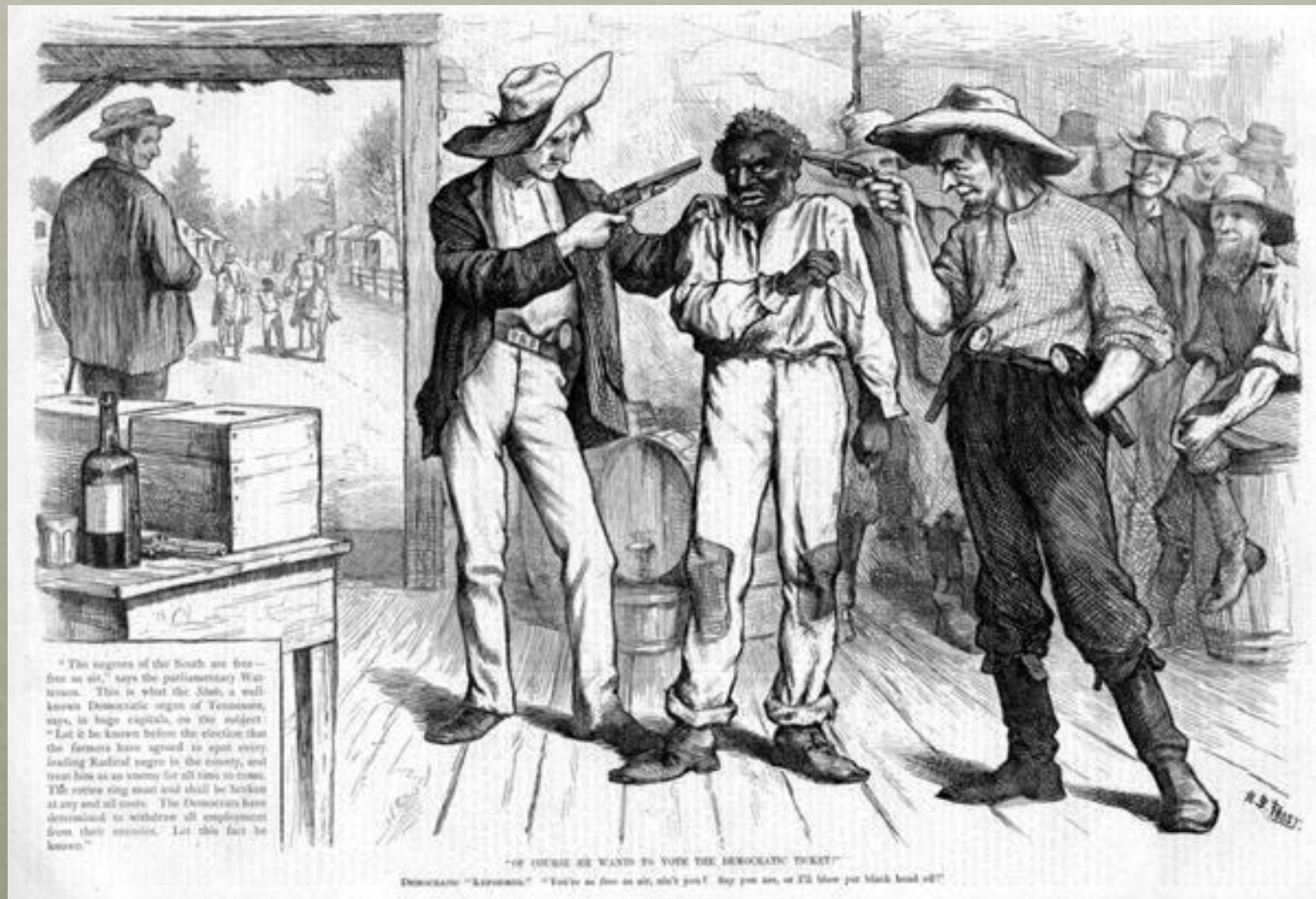
is **FOR** the Freedman's Bureau. **CLYMER** is **OPPOSED** to it.

“VISIT OF THE KU-KLUX,” 1872



VISIT OF THE KU-KLUX.—DRAWN BY FRANK BELLEW.—[SEE PAGE 157.]

“Of course he wants to vote the Democratic ticket”



Southern University Library Archives (<http://www.lib.subr.edu/data/service.htm#archives>)

THE COLFAX MASSACRE, 1873

VOL. XXII.....NO. 6732.

THE WAR OF RACES.

Nearly Three Hundred Negroes Burned to
Death by Whites in Louisiana—
A Horrible Affair.

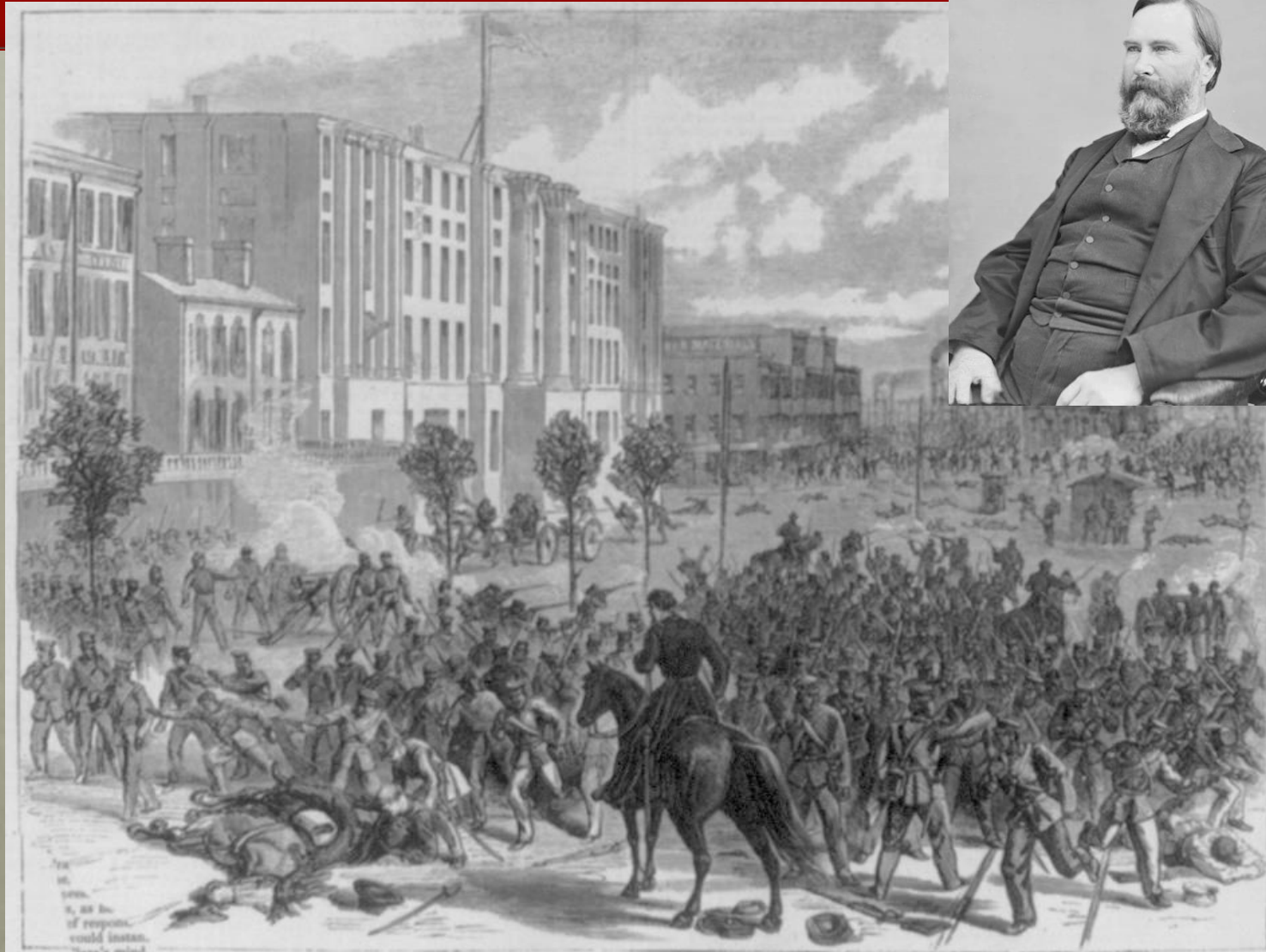
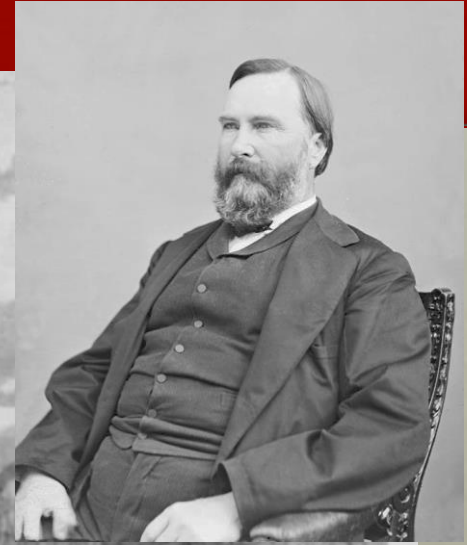
Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 15.—Intelligence has just reached this city to the effect that a terrible and sanguinary riot occurred on Sunday last in Grant Parish, in the county of that name. The disturbance grew out of the increasing animosity which has existed between the



THE BATTLE OF LIBERTY PLACE

SEPT. 14, 1874



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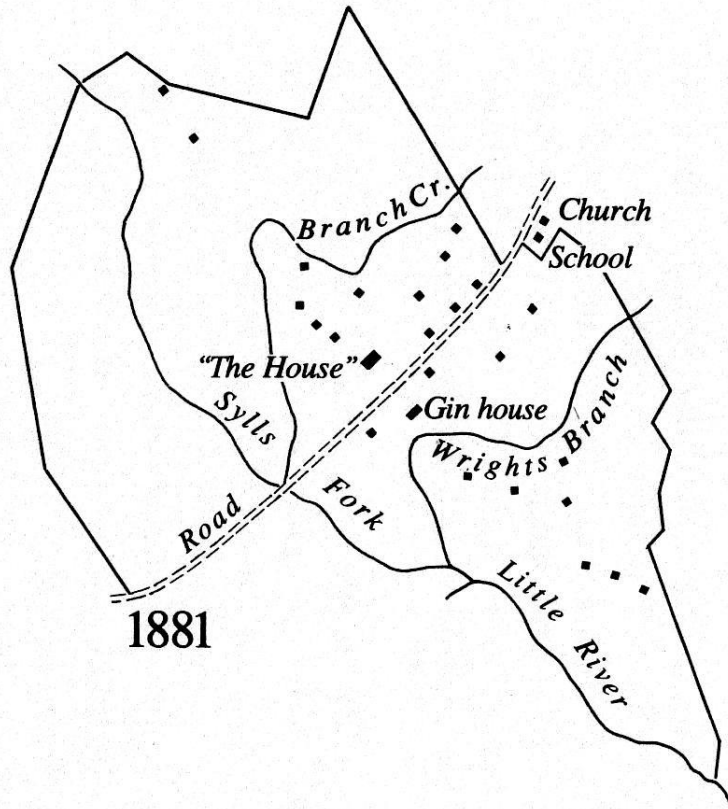
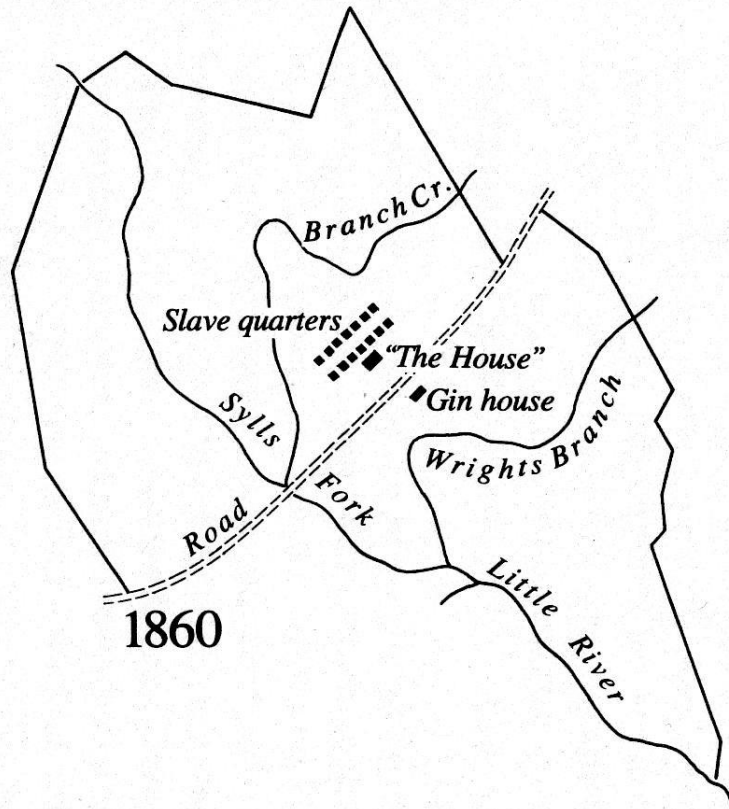
THE LOUISIANA OUTRAGES—ATTACK UPON THE POLICE IN THE STREETS OF NEW ORLEANS.

A JUDICIAL COUNTER- REVOLUTION

- *Slaughterhouse Cases* (1873): radically delimits rights of national citizenship under 14th Amendment
- *U.S. v. Cruikshank* (1876): 14th Amendment protections do not apply against actions of individuals
- *U.S. v. Reese* (1876): Narrow reading of 15th Amendment and limitation of enforcement to cases where law or practice of exclusion is explicitly based on race
- *Civil Rights Cases* (1883): Congress lacks power to prohibit discrimination by private parties

THE RISE OF JIM CROW

LABORERS WITHOUT LAND

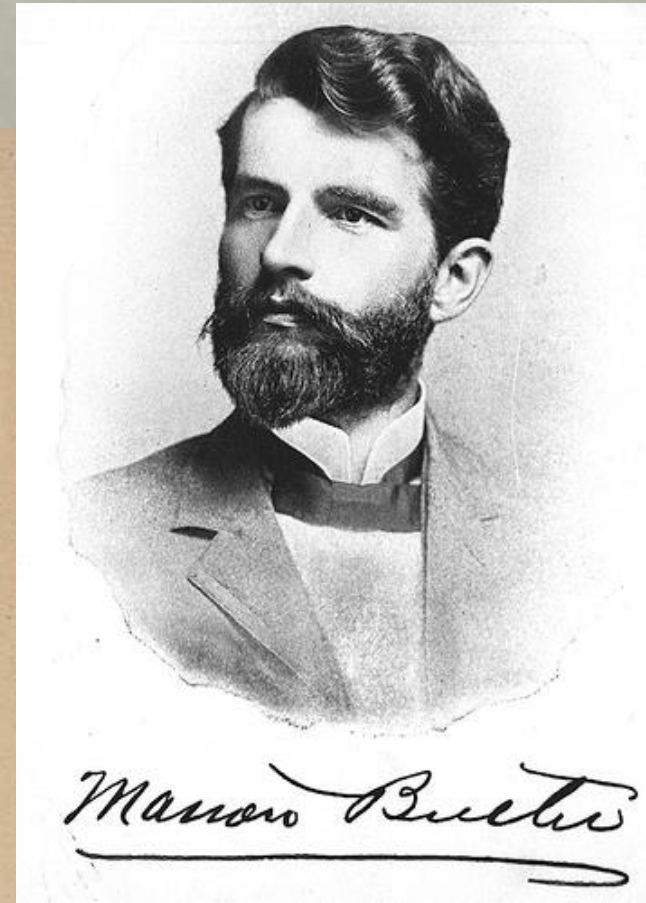
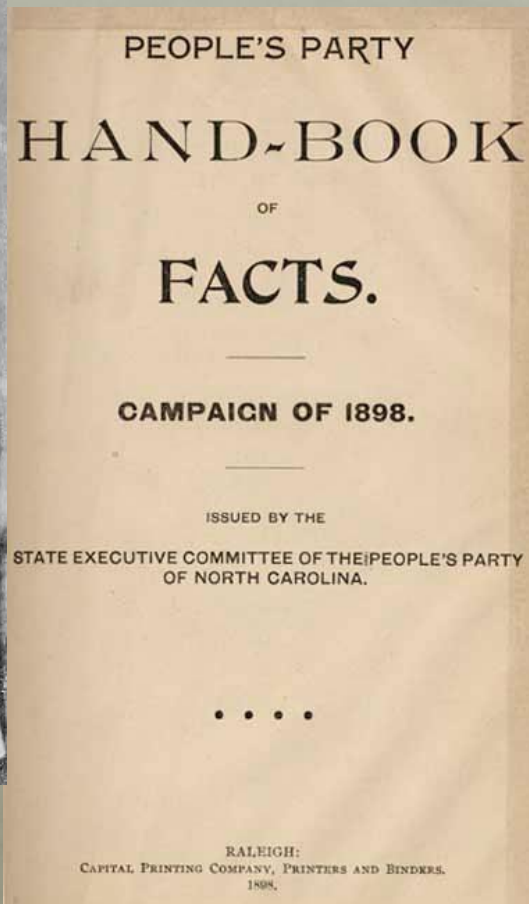


The Barrow Plantation

Oglethorpe County, Georgia
Approximately 2,000 acres

0 1 Mile
0 1 Kilometer

THE NORTH CAROLINA FUSION MOVEMENT, 1894-1898



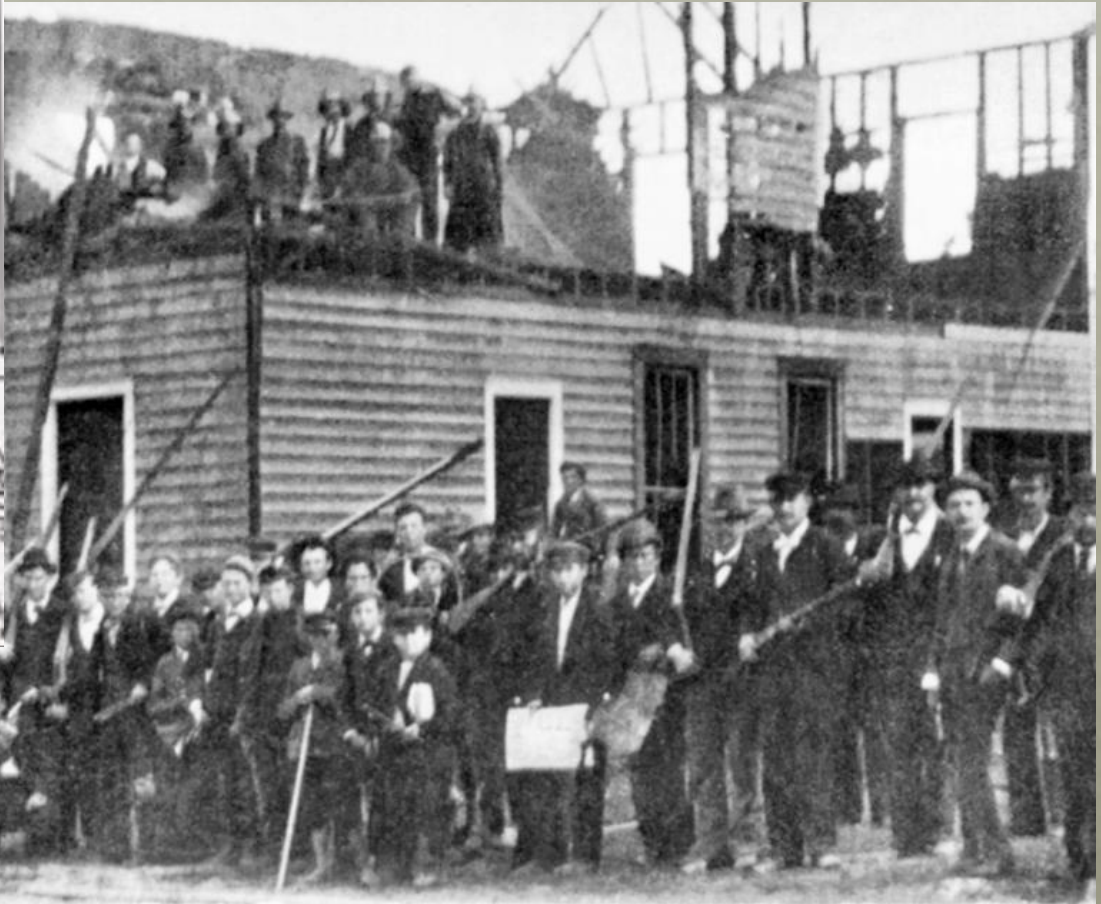
WILMINGTON, 1898

NEW YORK

WHITES KILL NEGROES AND SEIZE CITY OF WILMINGTON.

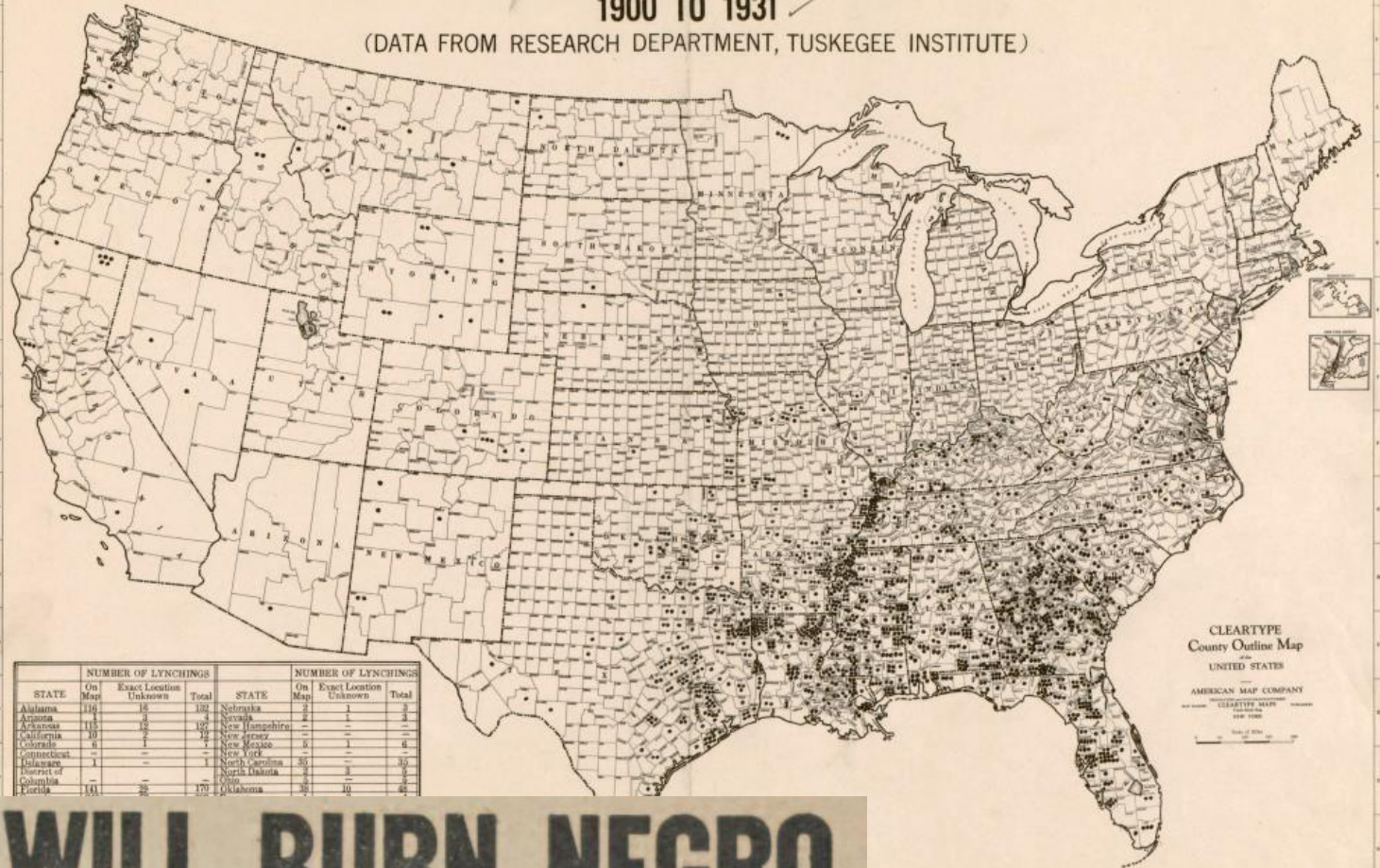
By Revolutionary Methods
White Citizens of North
Carolina Overturn Exist-
ing City Government
and at Once Estab-
lish Their Own.

NINE BLACK MEN
ARE SHOT DOWN.



LYNCHINGS BY STATES AND COUNTIES IN THE UNITED STATES 1900 TO 1931

(DATA FROM RESEARCH DEPARTMENT, TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE)



STATE	NUMBER OF LYNCHINGS			STATE	NUMBER OF LYNCHINGS		
	On Map	Exact Location Unknown	Total		On Map	Exact Location Unknown	Total
Alabama	116	15	131	Nebraska	2	1	3
Arizona	1	0	1	Nevada	0	0	0
Arkansas	113	12	125	New Hampshire	0	0	0
California	10	0	10	New Jersey	0	0	0
Colorado	0	0	0	New Mexico	0	0	0
Connecticut	0	0	0	New York	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0	North Carolina	30	0	30
District of Columbia	0	0	0	North Dakota	0	0	0
Florida	101	20	121	Oklahoma	30	10	40

3,000 WILL BURN NEGRO

Kaiser Under Stronger Guard Following Escape Of Crown Prince

Frank Simonds
Writes For States

NEW ORLEANS STATES

VOL 39 NO 177

NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, LA. THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1919

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES

NOV 30 1919
Library of Congress

63701
6425
1931
A4

THE LYNCHING OF LAURA AND L.D. NELSON

NORTH CANADIAN RIVER BRIDGE, OKLAHOMA

MAY, 1911



CONVICT LABOR

GEORGIA, 1895



All Colored People

THAT WANT TO

GO TO KANSAS,

On September 5th, 1877,

Can do so for \$5.00

IMMIGRATION.

WHEREAS, We, the colored people of Lexington, Ky., knowing that there is an abundance of choice lands now belonging to the Government, have assembled ourselves together for the purpose of locating on said lands. Therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED, That we do now organize ourselves into a Colony, as follows:— Any person wishing to become a member of this Colony can do so by paying the sum of one dollar (\$1.00), and this money is to be paid by the first of September, 1877, in instalments of twenty-five cents at a time, or otherwise as may be desired.

RESOLVED. That this Colony has agreed to consolidate itself with the Nicodemus Towns, Solomon Valley, Graham County, Kansas, and can only do so by entering the vacant lands now in their midst, which costs \$5.00.

RESOLVED, That this Colony shall consist of seven officers—President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and three Trustees. President—M. M. Bell; Vice-President—Isaac Talbott; Secretary—W. J. Niles; Treasurer—Daniel Clarke; Trustees—Jerry Lee, William Jones, and Abner Webster.

RESOLVED, That this Colony shall have from one to two hundred militia, more or less, as the case may require, to keep peace and order, and any member failing to pay in his dues, as aforesaid, or failing to comply with the above rules in any particular, will not

EMIGRATION

THE GREAT MIGRATION



ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Groups 26&27 will combine tonight due to a facilitator illness. Meet near the exit sign in the sanctuary
- **Interested in Edgewood continuing education credit for this class at a reduced rate?**

Let your facilitator know to mark your interest on the sign in sheet or email us at justifiedanger@nehemiah.org and we'll send more info.